

**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER****AZ34063A****General Description**

The AZ34063A is a monolithic switching regulator control circuit containing the primary functions required for DC-DC converters. This device consists of internal temperature compensated reference, voltage comparator, controlled duty cycle oscillator with active current limit circuit, driver and high current output switch. This device was specifically designed to be used in Step-Down, Step-Up and Voltage-Inverting applications with a minimum number of external components.

The AZ34063A is available in 2 packages: SOIC-8 and DIP-8.

**Features**

- Operation from 3.0V to 36V Input
- Low Standby Current
- Current Limiting
- Output Switch Current to 1.5A
- Output Voltage Adjustable
- Operation Frequency up to 180KHz
- Precision 2% Reference

**Applications**

- Battery Chargers
- NICs/ Switches/ Hubs
- ADSL Modems
- Negative Voltage Power Supplies

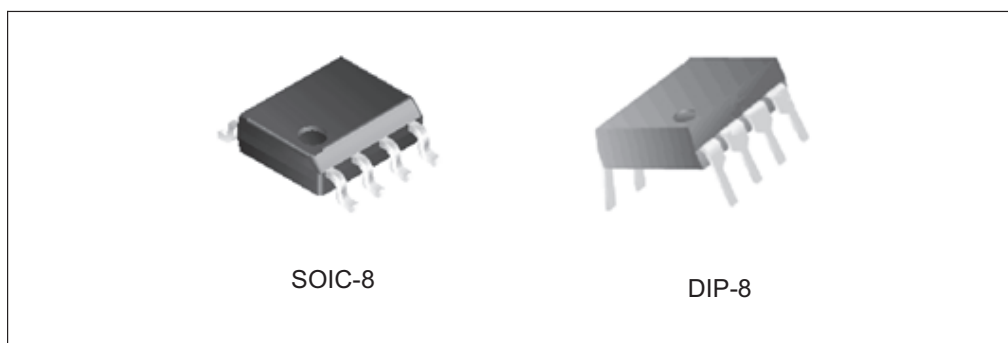


Figure 1. Package Types of AZ34063A



**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER** **AZ34063A**

**Pin Configuration**

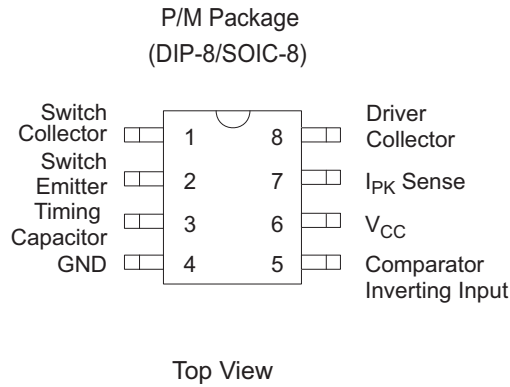


Figure 2. Pin Configuration of AZ34063A

**Functional Block Diagram**

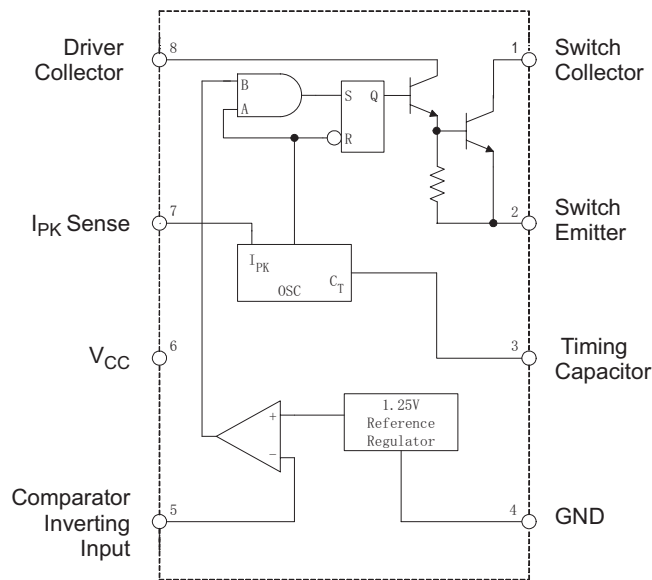


Figure 3. Functional Block Diagram of AZ34063A

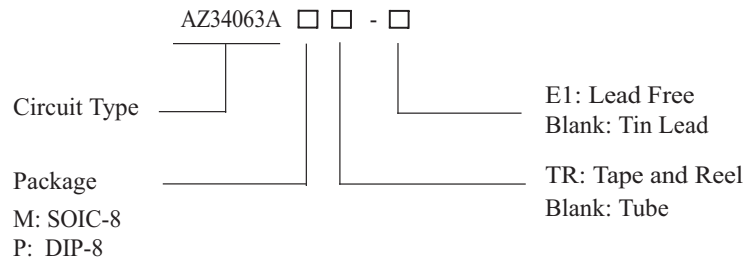


**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER** **AZ34063A**

**Pin Description**

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function
1	Switch Collector	Internal switch transistor collector
2	Switch Emitter	Internal switch transistor emitter
3	Timing Capacitor	Timing Capacitor to control the switching frequency
4	GND	Ground pin for all internal circuits
5	Comparator Inverting Input	Inverting input pin for internal comparator
6	V <sub>CC</sub>	Voltage supply
7	I <sub>PK</sub> Sense	Peak Current Sense Input by monitoring the voltage drop across an external I sense resistor to limit the peak current through the switch
8	Driver Collector	Voltage driver collector

**Ordering Information**



Package	Temperature Range	Part Number		Marking ID		Packing Type
		Tin Lead	Lead Free	Tin Lead	Lead Free	
SOIC-8	-40 to 85°C	AZ34063AM	AZ34063AM-E1	34063AM	34063AM-E1	Tube
		AZ34063AMTR	AZ34063AMTR-E1	34063AM	34063AM-E1	Tape & Reel
DIP-8	-40 to 85°C	AZ34063AP	AZ34063AP-E1	AZ34063AP	AZ34063AP-E1	Tube

BCD Semiconductor's Pb-free products, as designated with "E1" suffix in the part number, are RoHS compliant.

**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER****AZ34063A****Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	40	V
Comparator Input Voltage Range	$V_{IR}$	-0.3 to 40	V
Switch Collector Voltage	$V_C(\text{switch})$	40	V
Switch Emitter Voltage ( $V_{pin1}=40V$ )	$V_E(\text{switch})$	40	V
Switch Collector to Emitter Voltage	$V_{CE}(\text{switch})$	40	V
Driver Collector Voltage	$V_C(\text{driver})$	40	V
Driver Collector Current (Note 2)	$I_C(\text{driver})$	100	mA
Switch Current	$I_{SW}$	1.5	A
Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics			
Plastic Package,			
Power Dissipation ( $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )	$P_D$	1.25	W
Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta J}$	100	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
SOIC Package,			
Power Dissipation ( $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )	$P_D$	625	mW
Thermal Resistance	$R_{\theta JA}$	160	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-65 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
ESD (Human body model)		2000	V

Note 1: Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note 2: Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.

**Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	3	36	V
Ambient Temperature	$T_A$	-40	85	$^\circ\text{C}$



**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER AZ34063A**

**Electrical Characteristics**

( $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = -40\text{ to }85^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>OSCILLATOR</b>						
Frequency	$f_{OSC}$	VPin 5 = 0 V, CT = 1.0 nF $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	30	38	45	KHz
Charge Current	$I_{CHG}$	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V to }36\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	30	38	45	$\mu\text{A}$
Discharge Current	$I_{DISCHG}$	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V to }36\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	180	240	290	$\mu\text{A}$
Discharge to Charge Current Ratio	$I_{DISCHG}/I_{CHG}$	Pin 7 to $V_{CC}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	5.2	6.5	7.5	
Current Limit Sense Voltage	$V_{IPK}(\text{sense})$	$I_{CHG} = I_{DISCHG}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	250	300	350	mV
<b>OUTPUT SWITCH (Note 3)</b>						
Saturation Voltage, Darlington Connection	$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	$I_{SW} = 1.0\text{ A}$ , Pins 1, 8 connected		1.0	1.3	V
Saturation Voltage (Note 4.)	$V_{CE}(\text{sat})$	$I_{SW} = 1.0\text{ A}$ , RPin 8 = 82 $\Omega$ to $V_{CC}$ , Forced $\beta = 20$		0.45	0.7	V
DC Current Gain	$h_{FE}$	$I_{SW} = 1.0\text{ A}$ , $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	50	75		
Collector Off-State Current	$I_C(\text{off})$	$V_{CE} = 36\text{ V}$		0.01	100	$\mu\text{A}$
<b>COMPARATOR</b>						
Threshold Voltage	$V_{TH}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.225	1.250	1.275	V
		$T_A = -40\text{ to }85^\circ\text{C}$	1.21		1.29	
Threshold Voltage Line Regulation	$R_{EGLINE}$	$V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ V to }36\text{ V}$		1.4	5	mV
Input Bias Current	$I_{IB}$	$V_{IN} = 0\text{ V}$		-20	-400	nA
<b>TOTAL DEVICE</b>						
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V to }36\text{ V}$ , CT = 1.0 nF, Pin 7 = $V_{CC}$ , VPin 5 > $V_{TH}$ ,			4	mA

Note 3: Low duty cycle pulse technique are used during test to maintain junction temperature as close to ambient temperature as possible.

Note 4: If the output switch is driven into hard saturation (non-Darlington configuration) at low switch currents ( $\leq 300\text{mA}$ ) and high driver currents ( $\geq 30\text{mA}$ ), it may take up to 2.0 $\mu\text{s}$  for it to come out of saturation. This condition will shorten the off time at frequencies 30KHz, and is magnified at high temperatures. This condition does not occur with a Darlington configuration, since the output switch cannot saturate. If a non-Darlington configuration is used, the following output drive condition is recommended:



**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER** **AZ34063A**

**Electrical Characteristics (Continued)**

Forced  $\beta$  of output switch:  $\frac{I_C \text{ output}}{I_{C\text{driver}} - 7.0\text{mA}} \geq 10$

\* The 100 $\Omega$  resistor in the emitter of the driver device requires about 7.0 mA before the output switch conducts.

**Typical Performance Characteristics**

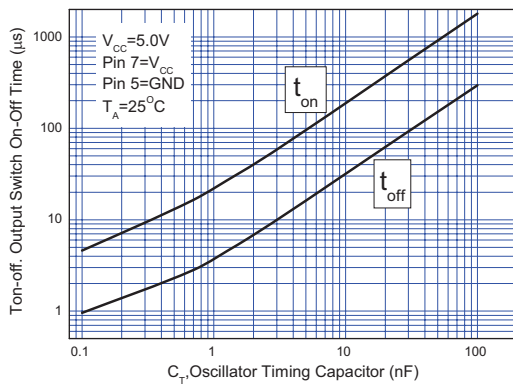


Figure 4. Output Switch On-Off Time vs. Oscillator Timing Capacitor

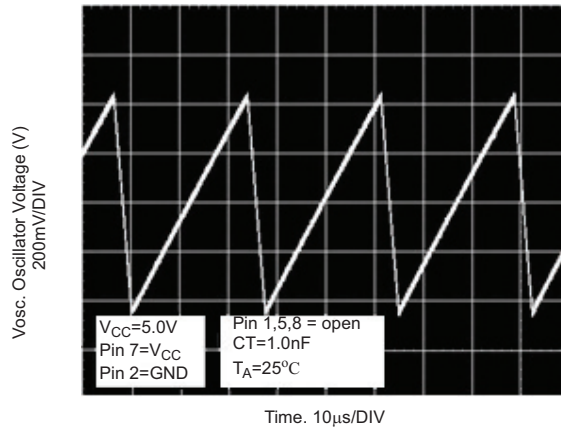


Figure 5. Timing Capacitor Waveform

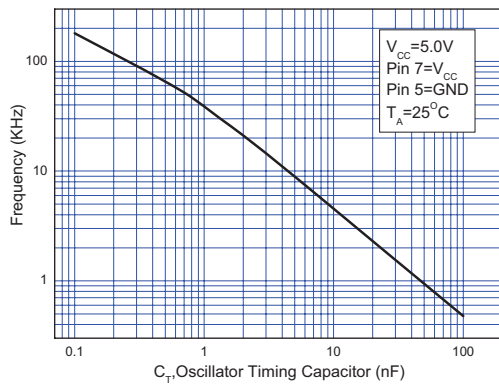


Figure 6. Oscillator Frequency vs. Timing Capacitor

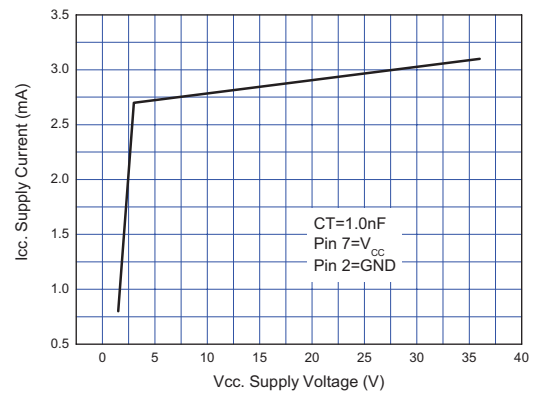


Figure 7. Standard Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER**

**AZ34063A**

**Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)**

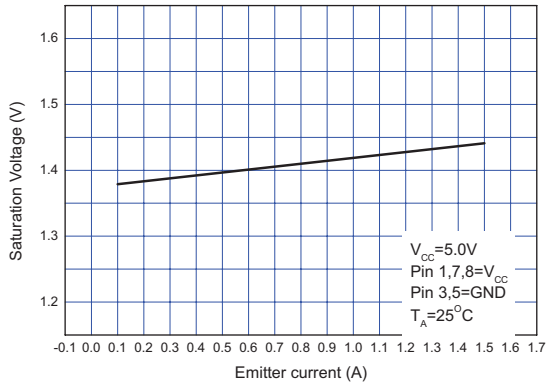


Figure 8. Emitter Follower Configuration Output Saturation Voltage vs. Emitter current

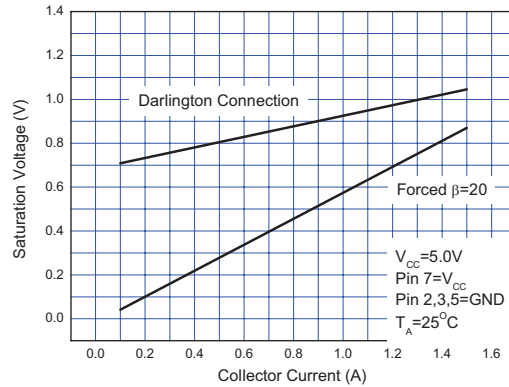


Figure 9. Common Emitter Configuration Output Switch Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current

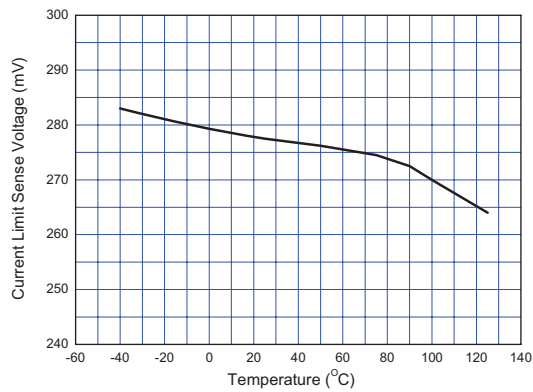


Figure 10. Current Limit Sense Voltage vs. Temperature



**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER      AZ34063A**

**Typical Applications**

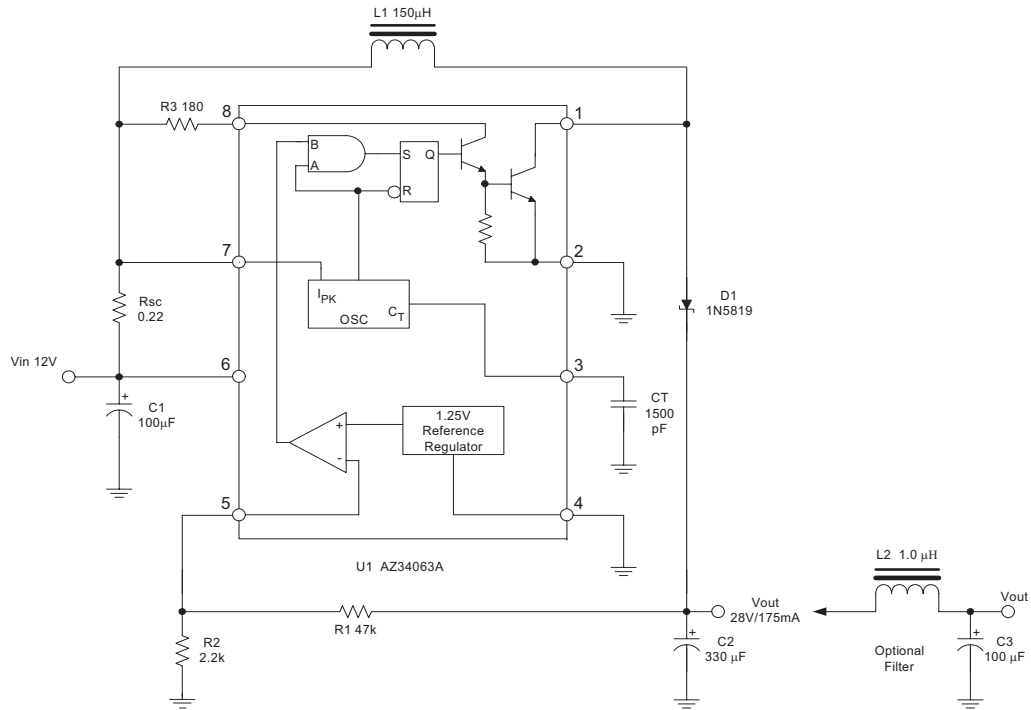


Figure 10. Step-Up Converter (Note 5)

Note 5: This is a typical step-up converter configuration. In the steady state, if the resistor divider voltage at pin 5 is greater than the voltage in the non-inverting input, which is 1.25V determined by the internal reference, the output of the comparator will go low. At the next switching period, the output switch will not conduct and the output voltage will eventually drop below its nominal voltage until the divider voltage at pin 5 is lower than 1.25V. Then the output of the comparator will go high, the output switch will be allowed to conduct. Since  $V_{pin5} = V_{OUT} * R2 / (R1 + R2) = 1.25(V)$ , the output voltage can be decided by  $V_{OUT} = 1.25 * (R1 + R2) / R2 (V)$ .





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**Typical Applications (Continued)**

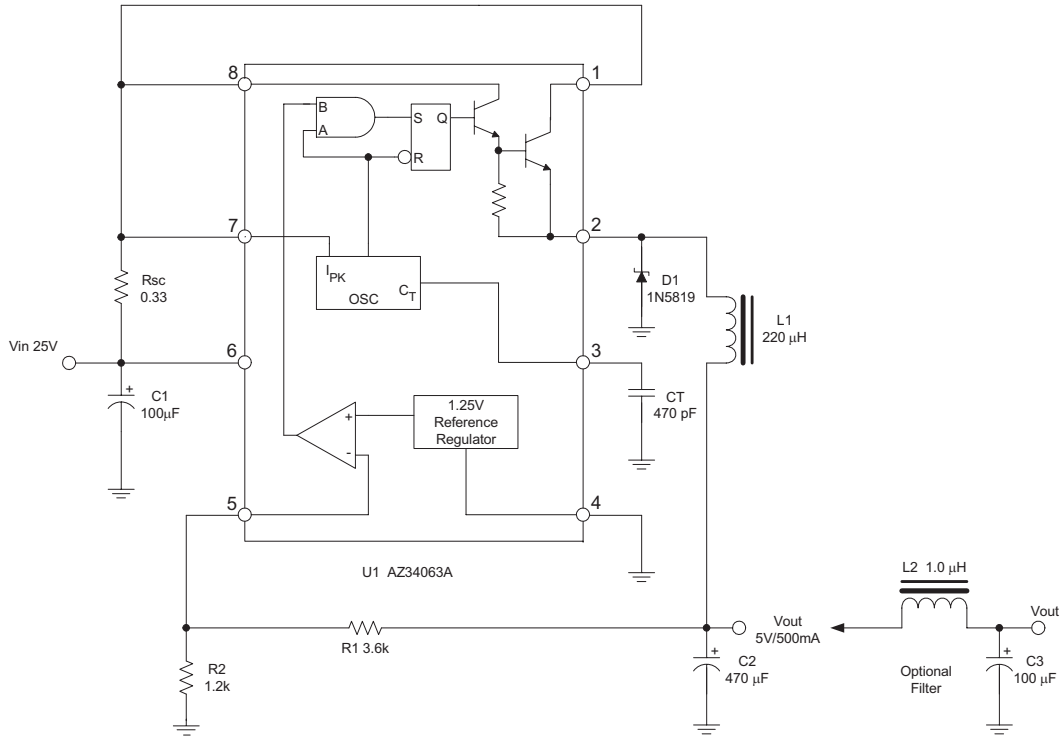


Figure 11. Step-Down converter (Note 6)

Note 6: This is a typical step-down converter configuration. The working process in the steady state is similar to step-up converter,  $V_{pin5} = V_{OUT} * R2 / (R1 + R2) = 1.25 (V)$ , the output voltage can be decided by  $V_{OUT} = 1.25 * (R1 + R2) / R2 (V)$ .



**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER      AZ34063A**

**Typical Applications (Continued)**

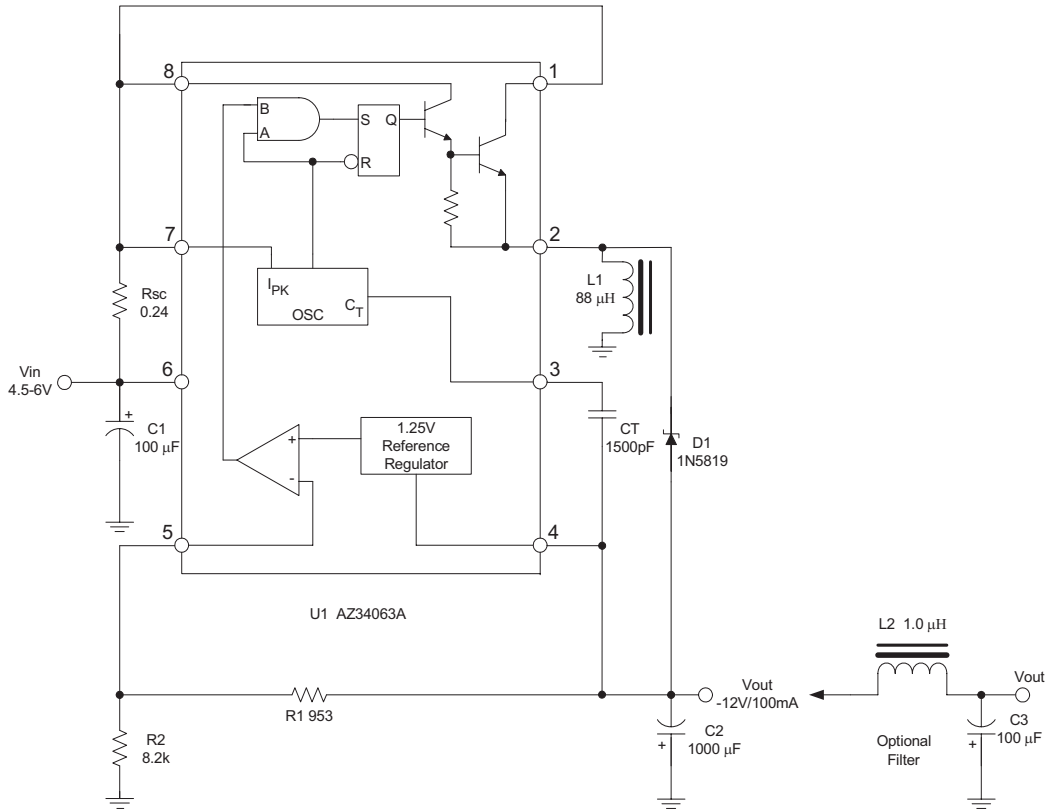


Figure 12. Voltage Inverting Converter (Note 7)

Note 7: This is a typical inverting converter configuration. The working process in the steady state is similar to step-up converter, the difference in this situation is that the voltage at the non-inverting pin of the comparator is equal to  $1.25V + V_{OUT}$ , then  $V_{pin5} = V_{OUT} * R2 / (R1 + R2) = 1.25V + V_{OUT}$ , so the output voltage can be decided by  $V_{OUT} = -1.25 * (R1 + R2) / R1$  (V).



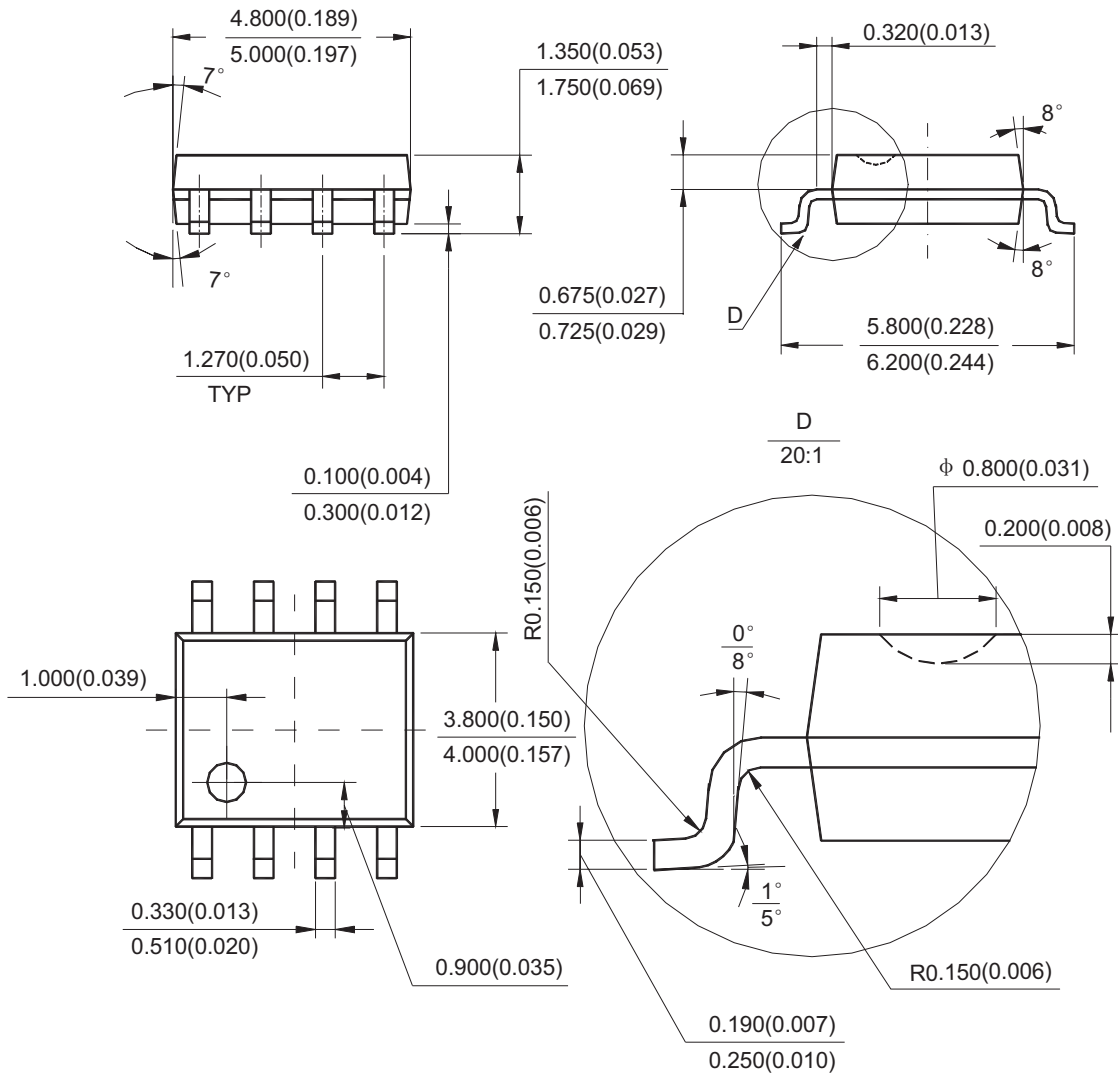
**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER**

**AZ34063A**

**Mechanical Dimensions**

**SOIC-8**

**Unit: mm(inch)**



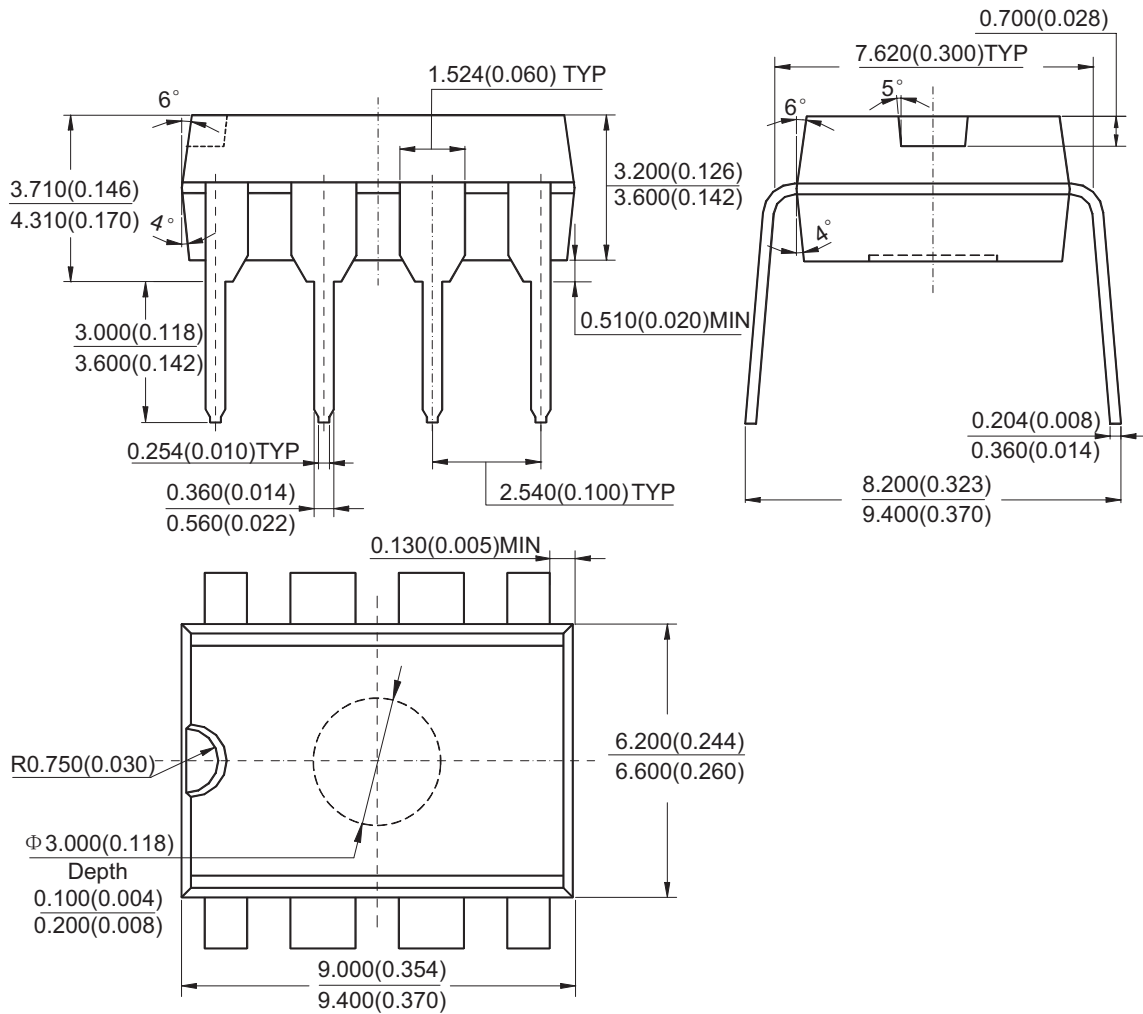


**1.5A STEP-DOWN/STEP-UP/INVERTING DC-DC CONVERTER** **AZ34063A**

**Mechanical Dimensions (continued)**

**DIP-8**

**Unit: mm(inch)**





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